

April 20, 2006

06-064

APPROVE IN-STATE RESIDENCY FOR
ABORIGINAL RESIDENTS

PREPARED BY:

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APPROVED BY:

Dr. Preston Pulliams, District President

REPORT:

This resolution is prepared at the request of Oregon Community College Association (OCCA).

In recent years, Oregon's postsecondary partners, the State Board of Higher Education and the Oregon Student Assistance Commission, have taken action to adopt administrative rules with regard to aboriginal residency. Both partners have adopted rules that allow state students who are enrolled members of federally recognized tribes of Oregon or who are enrolled members of a federally recognized Native American tribe which had traditional and customary tribal boundaries that included parts of the state of Oregon or which had ceded or reserved lands within the state of Oregon to be deemed eligible for in-state residency regardless of their state of residence. Oregon's community colleges do not have a statewide administrative rule that requires community colleges to enroll members of federally recognized tribes of Oregon as in-state residents and therefore allow these students to waive the 90 day residency requirement. The Oregon Presidents' Council and the Oregon Community College Association's Executive Committee have made a recommendation to Oregon local community college boards to adopt a resolution that will allow those students who are enrolled members of federally recognized tribes of Oregon to receive in-state residency status.

RECOMMENDATION:

That in-state residency be granted to enrolled members (upon submission of verification of tribal membership) of federally recognized tribes of Oregon

and federally recognized tribes having ancestral lands within Oregon as noted below:

For purposes of this rule, the federally recognized tribes of Oregon are:

- (a) Burns Paiute Tribe;
- (b) Confederated Tribes of Coos, Lower Umpqua and Siuslaw;
- (c) Confederated Tribes of Grand Ronde Community of Oregon;
- (d) Confederated Tribes of Siletz Indians of Oregon;
- (e) Confederated Tribes of the Umatilla Indian Reservation;
- (f) Confederated Tribes of the Warm Springs Indian Reservation;
- (g) Coquille Indian Tribe;
- (h) Cow Creek Band of Umpqua Indians;
- (i) Klamath Tribes.

For purposes of this rule, the Native American tribes which had traditional and customary tribal boundaries that included parts of the state of Oregon or which had ceded or reserved lands within the state of Oregon are:

CALIFORNIA:

- (a) Benton Paiute Tribe;
- (b) Big Bend Rancheria;
- (c) Big Lagoon Rancheria;
- (d) Blue Lake Rancheria;
- (e) Bridgeport Indian Colony;
- (f) Cedarville Rancheria;
- (g) Fort Bidwell Indian Tribe;
- (h) Hoopa Valley Tribe;
- (i) Karuk Tribe of California;
- (j) Likely Rancheria;
- (k) Lookout Rancheria;
- (l) Lytton Rancheria;
- (m) Melochundum Band of Tolowa Indians;
- (n) Montgomery Creek Rancheria;
- (o) Pit River Tribe;
- (p) Quartz Valley Indian Community;
- (q) Redding Rancheria;

- (r) Roaring Creek Rancheria;
- (s) Smith River Rancheria;
- (t) Susanville Rancheria;
- (u) Tolowa-Tunutni Tribe;
- (v) Winnemucca Colony;
- (w) XL Ranch;
- (x) Yurok Tribe.

IDAHO

- (a) Nez Perce Tribe of Idaho;
- (b) Shoshoni-Bannock Tribes.

NEVADA

- (a) Duck Valley Shoshone-Paiute Tribes;
- (b) Fallon Paiute-Shoshoni Tribe;
- (c) Fort McDermitt Paiute-Shoshone Tribe;
- (d) Lovelock Paiute Tribe;
- (e) Pyramid Lake Paiute Tribe;
- (f) Reno-Sparks Indian Colony;
- (g) Summit lake Paiute Tribe;
- (h) Walker River Paiute Tribe;
- (i) Winnemucca Indian Colony;
- (j) Yerington Paiute Tribe.

OKLAHOMA

- (a) Modoc Tribe of Oklahoma.

WASHINGTON

- (a) Chehalis Community Council;
- (b) Colville Confederated Tribes;
- (c) Quinault Indian Nation;
- (d) Shoalwater Bay Tribe;
- (e) Yakama Indian Nation.