### Steps to Simplify a Monomial in Fraction Form

- 1. Write original problem.
- 2. Simplify numerator and denominator separately. The numerator and denominator are simplified when there is just one coefficient and one instance of any particular variable.
- 3. Simplify the entire fraction by first simplifying the coefficients; watch the signs. The result will be just **ONE** sign in front of the fraction.
- 4. Simplify the same variable in numerator and denominator by subtracting the exponent in the denominator from the exponent in the numerator. The variable will only appear **ONCE** in the numerator with the new exponent.
- 5. If positive exponents are required, flip base and negative exponent up or down in fraction to make exponent positive.

#### Examples:

1. Simplify 
$$\frac{45y^{12}}{15y^9}$$

Comments	Simplification
Write original problem.	
simplify the coefficients and see a 43 divided by a 13 which is 3.	$\frac{45y^{12}}{15y^9} = \frac{3y^{12-9}}{1}$ $= \frac{3y^3}{1}$
We see a common variable of a <i>y</i> in numerator and denominator and we can subtract the exponents.	$1 = 3y^3$
The fraction just has a denominator of one and thus the problem can be simplified	
to just have the monomial in numerator.	

2. Simplify 
$$\frac{5r^{11}}{25r^{10}}$$

Comments	Simplification
Write original problem.	
The monomials in the numerator and denominator are simplified. We now simplify the coefficients and see a 5 divided by a 25 or we can say a 5 over 25 which reduces to one fifth. Caution: A common error is to say $\frac{5}{25}$ is 5 and not $\frac{1}{5}$ We see a common variable of a $r$ in numerator and denominator and we can subtract the exponents.	$\frac{5r^{11}}{25r^{10}} = \frac{1r^{11-10}}{5}$ $= \frac{1r^{11-10}}{5}$ $= \frac{1r^{1}}{5}$
Usually coefficients of <u>one</u> and exponents of <u>one</u> are not shown so the final form does not show the one's.	$=\frac{r}{5}$
Note: Sometimes a fraction with only variables in the numerator is show with a fractional coefficient in front of a variable expression. You may see an answer as, $\frac{1}{5}r$ .	

## 3. Simplify $\frac{-48x^{16}y^9z^{11}}{12x^{11}y^4z^3}$

Comments	Simplification
Write original problem.	
The monomials in the numerator and denominator are simplified. We now simplify the coefficients and see a $-48$	$\frac{-48x^{16}y^9z^{11}}{12x^{11}y^4z^3} = -\frac{4x^{16-11}y^{9-4}z^{11-3}}{1}$
divided by a 12. The result is negative and just one negative sign is in front of faction.	$=-\frac{4x^5y^5z^8}{1}$
We see multiple common variables so the exponents are subtracted on each one.	$=-4x^5y^5z^8$
A fraction with one in denominator is simplified to just the numerator.	

# 4. Simplify $\frac{18x^7}{-24x^2y^6z^8}$

Comments	Simplification
Write original problem.	
The monomials in the numerator and denominator are simplified. We now simplify the coefficients and see a 18 divided by a $-24$ . A positive divided by a negative is a negative. The coefficients in fraction form of, $\frac{18}{24}$ can be reduced to a fraction of, $\frac{3}{4}$ . The reduction is shown below using factors.	$\frac{18x^7}{-24x^2y^6z^8} = -\frac{3x^{7-2}}{4y^6z^8}$ $= -\frac{3x^5}{4y^6z^8}$
We see many variables, but only the $x$ is common in the numerator and	
denominator and we can subtract the exponents.	

### 5. Simplify $\frac{18}{24}$

Comments	Simplification
Write original problem.	
Factor numerator and denominator completely and cancel out like factors.	$\frac{18}{24} = \frac{(\mathcal{Z})(\mathcal{Z})(3)}{(2)(\mathcal{Z})(2)(\mathcal{Z})}$
Write remaining factors.	$=\frac{(3)}{(2)(2)}$
Multiply remaining factors.	$=\frac{3}{4}$