## MTH 252Z Lab Volume

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## **Prompts**

- 1. Consider a solid of revolution with volume V. When should a disk method be used to find V? When should a washer method be used for finding V? Draw a solid to represent each of these three situations.
- 2. Let  $\mathcal{R}$  be the region in the first quadrant enclosed by the curves  $y = \sin x$ ,  $y = \cos x$ , and the y-axis. For each of the following prompts, you should include a sketch of the region/solid being considered, as well as a labeled typical disk or washer.
  - (a) Let  $S_1$  be the solid obtained by rotating R about the x-axis. Write a definite integral that represents the volume of  $S_1$ .
  - (b) Let  $S_2$  be the solid obtained by rotating  $\mathcal{R}$  about the line y=2. Write a definite integral that represents the volume of  $S_2$ .
- 3. Let  $f(x) = x^2 + 2$  and  $g(x) = 4 x^2$ , and let  $\mathcal{R}$  represent the region enclosed between y = f(x) and y = g(x). Let  $\mathcal{S}$  be the "ring" obtained by rotating  $\mathcal{R}$  about the x-axis.
  - (a) Set up an integral that represents the area of  $\mathcal{R}$ .
  - (b) Find the area of  $\mathcal{R}$ .
  - (c) Set up an integral that represents the volume of S.
  - (d) Find the value of S.
- 4. Consider the region enclosed by a semicircle of radius r (having equation  $f(x) = \sqrt{r^2 x^2}$ ) and the x-axis. Sketch this region. What is the solid of revolution obtained by rotating this region about the x-axis? Sketch this solid and find the volume of this solid.
- 5. Let T be the triangular region with vertices (0,0), (1,0), and (1,2). Let V be the volume of the solid obtained by rotating T about the line x=a with a>1. Find V when
  - (a) a = 2
  - (b) a = 3
  - (c) a = 10